

**SOURCES OF FUNDING AND ANALYSIS OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS**

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**ABSTRACT**

In the article analyzing of financing systems of education sphere of Republic of Uzbekistan and given recommendations to improve this spheres.

*Keywords: education, harmoniously developed generation, the idea of independence, subsidies, transfers, computer and multimedia tools.*

**INTRODUCTION**

Each country sees its future in the image of the rising generation. That is why young people are the foundation, the strength of the country. At the same time, the head of our state expressed great confidence in the youth, emphasizing that "our children must die more educated, stronger, wiser and, of course, happier than us." [1] It is no coincidence that in our independent country, the issue of raising young people as a harmoniously developed generation has been identified as a priority.

All work on attention to youth is carried out taking into account the fact that 62% of the population of the republic are young people, as well as the characteristics of large families of Uzbek families. Of course, it is now being confirmed that it is a well-thought-out policy to give birth to healthy children, to take care of their health, and then to bring them up in the spirit of patriotism and faith. A number of positive steps have been taken in this direction over the years and will continue in the future.

**ANALYSIS AND RESULTS**

In Uzbekistan, as in almost all countries, the state budget is undoubtedly the main source of funding for education. Almost 90% of state expenditures on education are financed from the republican budget (including all revenues to the republican budget, including the remaining republican taxes at the local level), as well as subsidies and other transfers from the republican budget to local budgets. Slightly more than 10 percent of public spending on education is financed directly from local revenues.

As a result of focusing on the summary of previous periods, the construction, reconstruction and overhaul of educational institutions continued in 2019 as a result of the focus on the implementation of targeted national programs in the field of education, training, health and social protection. Last year, a total of more than 540 facilities were radically renovated, including 380 schools, more than 160 vocational colleges and academic lyceums. About 550 billion soums were spent for these purposes. More than 120 billion soums of these funds were allocated to provide educational institutions with teaching, laboratory and production equipment, computers and multimedia tools (Table 1).

**Table 1**

**Schedule of financing secondary schools through the state budget (billion soums)**

T/№	Indicators	2018	2019	2020	Changes from 2020 to 2018 (+, -)
1	To secondary schools	3183,5	3967,8	4744,0	+1560,5
2	To music and art schools	57,2	85,1	118,3	+61,1

<b>3</b>	To orphanages and similar institutions	17,1	23,0	26,7	+9,6
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Source: Based on data from the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

According to the table, as a result of the consistent implementation of the priorities set for the future of the country, the expenditures from the state budget for secondary schools in 2020 compared to 2018 will amount to 1560.5 billion soums and amounted to 4744.0 bln. sum. Expenditures on similar music and art schools, orphanages and similar institutions in 2020 compared to 2018 will amount to 61.1 billion soums. soums and 9.6 bln. soums and amounted to 118.3 and 26.7 bln. soums.

The State Commission on Admission to Educational Institutions of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Karakalpakstan, regional khokimiyats, the Ministry of Public Education of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Center for Secondary Special and Vocational Education of the Ministry of Higher and Secondary Special Education to carry out extensive explanatory work on the fact that the legislation gives them the right to continue their education in professional colleges and academic lyceums in the specialty of their choice independently.

In 2020, the implementation of programs for the construction, reconstruction and equipping of professional colleges and academic lyceums, as well as strengthening the material and technical base of schools has been completed. According to him, in 2020, a program was adopted to strengthen the material and technical base of music and art schools, aimed at increasing the creative abilities and spirituality of our children (Table 2).

**Table 2**

**Schedule of financing of academic lyceums and professional colleges from the state budget (billion soums)**

T/№	Indicators	2018	2019	2020	Changes from 2020 to 2018 (+, -)
<b>1</b>	To academic lyceums	104,6	133,7	161,4	56,8
<b>2</b>	To professional colleges	1087,4	1404,3	1734,3	646,9
<b>3</b>	Other expenses related to education	250,2	383,1	315,0	64,8

Source: Based on data from the State Statistics Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

According to Table 2, the State Budget of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2013 allocated 161.4 billion soums for the development of academic lyceums and the education of the next generation. In comparison with 2011, this figure amounted to 56.8 billion soums. soums. and vocational colleges in 2020 will receive 646.9 billion compared to 2018. soums and amounted to 1734.3 bln. sum. In 2018, 250.2 billion soums will be allocated from the state budget for other expenditures related to education in the Republic of Uzbekistan. By 2020, 64.8 billion soums will be spent. soums and amounted to 315.0 billion soums.

## **CONCLUSION**

In general, our government pays great attention to the development of secondary education, which is important in the future to ensure that our children from an early age acquire knowledge and skills in a timely manner.

**REFERENCES**

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