

LEGAL PROVISION OF DIGITIZATION IN THE FIELD OF CUSTOMS**Usmanaliev Farruh**

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ANNOTATION

In our country, measures are being taken on the active development of the digital economy, the broad introduction of modern information and communication technologies in all sectors and spheres, primarily public administration, education, health and agriculture. In particular, the implementation of more than 220 priority projects aimed at improving the system of e-government, further development of the local market of software products and information technologies, Organization of IT parks in all regions of the Republic, as well as providing qualified personnel of the sphere has begun. In this article, opinions and comments on the legal provision of digitization in the field of Customs are made.

Keywords: *Customs, digitization, Legal Issues, News in the field, IT, Information Technology.*

INTRODUCTION

Customs — 1) the place where the boj is levied; 2) the state institution that controls the total cargo passing through the border, including luggage and postal items; is engaged in the inspection, regulation and clearance of the transferred cargo, from which the boj and levies are levied. To prevent violations of the procedures established by the legislation on customs, to take measures against them, to conduct inquiries and urgent search, to fight against smuggling also fall within the competence of the customs office. Customs are usually located at sea and river ports, international airports, railway lines, border punkts. Customs institutions control the provision of the country's interest in foreign trade, prevent the withdrawal of valuable assets (works of art, rare metals, etc.) from the territory of the country.

President of the Republic of Uzbekistan At the meeting between Mirziyoyev and the Secretary General of the World Customs Organization, issues of digitization in the field of combating corruption, smuggling and violation of customs legislation were discussed. The importance of implementing joint projects on the introduction of international standards, modernization of customs posts and improvement of the normative-legal framework was emphasized. Uzbekistan has been a member of the World Customs Organization since 1992. In the following years, cooperation with this organization was significantly active. With the support of the organization, in January 2020, the "Single Window" automated system, the situational Center for customs control coordination was launched. Recently, the Customs Laboratory of Uzbekistan received the status of the Regional Laboratory of the World Customs Organization. The Customs Institute of the state customs of Uzbekistan is accredited in the research program of this international structure.

Assistance in improving the skills of customs officers. Over the next few years, more than 200 customs officers of our country took part in short-term training courses of the organization. At the meeting with the Secretary General of the World Customs Organization Kunio Mikuriya, special attention was paid to the issues of cooperation on improving the activities of the state customs office of Uzbekistan and increasing its efficiency, and new agreements were noted. Shavkat Mirziyoyev noted that it is important to carry out joint activities and projects in the field of digitization, introduction of Advanced International Standards, modernization of customs posts using conventional systems, fight against corruption, smuggling and violations in the field of Customs, Training specialists and other areas. It was agreed to adopt a new "road map" to expand the practical partnership between Uzbekistan and the World Customs Organization. As a result of these projects,

the improvement of the customs system in our country will contribute to the acceleration of the digitization process.

Consistent measures are being taken in our country to modernize and develop the e-government, including the system of public services, aimed at simplifying the passage of administrative procedures, improving the quality of population growth, improving the investment and business environment. At the same time, a number of unresolved problems and shortcomings are preserved, which are hindering the provision of digitization and the transition to the digital economy. In particular, the single principles of the development of Public Information Systems have not been developed, and the activities in this area are carried out without interrelation with other information systems. The infrastructure of the "electronic government" system is not developing at the proper level, which has its impact on the wide application of modern information and communication technologies in the provision of public services and inter-agency electronic cooperation.

Consistent reforms are being carried out in our country aimed at increasing the efficiency of the activities of the bodies of the state customs service of the Republic of Uzbekistan (in subsequent places-customs bodies) using modern information and communication technologies. The work carried out on the implementation of the World Trade Organization, the World Customs Organization and other international organizations' standards and recommendations on the implementation of national legislation requires improvement of Customs Administration and simplification of customs procedures. At the same time, "paperless and electronic customs" does not develop to the extent necessary, methods of combating smuggling, smuggling of counterfeit products, corruption, illegal currency transactions and evasion from payment of customs duties require the use of modern and tested methods of Customs Administration.

Reform of Customs Administration, further improvement and increase of efficiency of customs bodies, formation of "digital customs", which is a logical continuation and development of "paperless and electronic customs", as well as, in order to accelerate the implementation of the universally recognized international norms and standards in the field of customs affairs into the national legislation, the following directions of development and improvement of the activities of customs bodies have been developed in 2020-2023, which includes the reform of Customs Administration and the improvement of the effectiveness of the activities of the state customs According to it:

- further improvement of the regulatory and legal framework in the field of Customs;
- development of the institutional framework for the activities and infrastructure of customs bodies with optimal use of available forces and Means;
- ensuring transparency and efficiency of customs bodies through the introduction of modern and advanced information and communication technologies in the field of customs within the digital economy;
- improvement of the implementation of fiscal functions of customs bodies, simplification of tariff and notarized regulation of foreign economic activity (in subsequent places);
- fight against violations of the legislation on smuggling and Customs;
- training, retraining and further improvement of skills and qualifications of the employees of customs bodies, ensuring their social protection;
- further development of mutually beneficial cooperation with international organizations and customs services of foreign countries was determined.

The system of risk management of the state customs office of the Republic of Uzbekistan was introduced at the border post offices of the automobile, and in the temporary importation of vehicles, it was planned to provide the carrier with the opportunity to apply the temporary withdrawal period before the expiration of the period of electronic re-withdrawal in real time and to carry out an in-depth analysis of the structure and dynamics of imports and exports of goods, as well as an analysis of the causes of both physical and value increase in the volume of imports, and to establish cooperation with interested agencies on the issues of deepening the localization of production and expansion of industrial cooperation was entrusted to Customs

Customs authorities were granted the following rights:

- to carry out customs audit on goods and vehicles when they arrive at the places where they are stored and sold;
- carry out inspections on the accounting of goods and vehicles, including accounting and reporting documents, as well as on the Proceedings of preliminary documents, which are imported and (or) exported.

Decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan “on the reform of Customs Administration and improvement of activities of the state customs service bodies of the Republic of Uzbekistan” dated June 5, 2020, literally serves as the main guideline for the radical reform of the activities of customs bodies and effective use of modern information and communication technologies in Customs Service.

Currently, extensive work is being carried out to simplify the principles of customs procedures again, reduce the human factor through the widespread use of digital technologies in the customs system, make extensive use of the opportunities of modern information and communication technologies based on the principles of risk management of forms of customs control, simply switch to “digital customs”.

In the case of the Russian Federation, information on customer transactions, accounts and deposits; the sum of the obligations of the insurer to its clients or beneficiaries under the contract of voluntary life insurance; information on the value of property recorded by the financial market entity carrying out depository activities of individuals, as well as payments and transactions related to accounts and deposits; voluntary life insurance contract; asset management agreement (including approved with the issuance of investment units); contract for brokerage services; depository agreement; pension agreement; agreement with the central counterparty; or other agreements referred to in this sub-paragraph, in accordance with which the financial market entity is in the interests of the client for the storage, management, investment and / or other operations of cash or other financial assets from its clients or directly or indirectly. The electronic implementation of this process has reportedly created a number of benefits for Russian citizens. The electronic system also works much better in the operation of the Digital Customs System. World experience shows that the digital world is a requirement of the 21st century, and in this age of information and technology, the situation itself requires the digitization of every field.

Today, customs bodies have implemented more 60 information systems and more 30 interactive services. In particular, as a result of the introduction of the system of “Risk Management” in customs bodies, today the products directed to the export and import of law-abiding entrepreneurs are quickly transferred to customs formalities. By improving this system, the car was introduced into practice at border customs posts as a

test from June 1, 2020. This, in turn, will contribute to a significant reduction in queues at border duty posts in the future.

As a result of the categorization of participants in foreign economic activity according to the level of risk, the number of Customs examinations decreased by 1.4 times and its effectiveness increased by 1.5 times. The customs clearance time was reduced by 1.7 times in exports, 1.4 times in imports. Currently, 62 percent of the goods are undergoing customs clearance in a simplified procedure. Realizing that the role of Information Systems in simplifying customs procedures is great, the processes associated with formalization are fully automated.

In addition, the Department for combating smuggling and violation of customs legislation should be reorganized as the main department for combating smuggling and customs audit, and the following additional tasks should be assigned to it, namely, the verification of the placement in customs regimes, the comparison and verification of the data recorded in the documents confirming the information specified in the, examination and examination of documents related to financial and economic activities in order to identify cases of violation of the legislation on customs and the requirements for currency regulation, to verify that the privileges on payment of customs duties are correctly applied and that the value of the customs is correctly determined, to check compliance with the restrictions on the disposal of, in addition, the task is to electron the control system of other cases and transfer it to the digitized system in the manner prescribed by law. The Department of customs expertise and maintaining the commodity nomenclature of foreign economic activity was reorganized as the Department of control and customs expertise of notarization in foreign economic activity.

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