

**PEDAGOGICAL INNOVATION: AN INVESTIGATION OF THE MOST
EFFECTIVE METHODS FOR TEACHING FOREIGN LANGUAGES TO
CHILDREN**

¹Jurakulova Marjona Sariddinovna, ²Hikmatova Nigina Sodiq kizi
Karshi State University Pedagogical Institute 1st-year student^{1,2}
marjonakhanumjurakulova@gmail.com¹, HikmatovaNigina@gmail.com²

ABSTRACT

It is most effective for children to learn a second foreign language method, USA, Japan, and Singapore experience. The child is also safe and secure feel protected and speak their mother tongue as a second language outside of school a practice that helps them learn in a completely natural way as they learn effective foreign language learning to children through methodologies, online and traditional lessons teaching methods.

Key words: *foreign language, online education, platform, YouTube, 3D flashcard, John Lok, strategy.*

Children's developing young minds naturally learn new languages and will be 87% more successful than middle-aged people. Our second language occupation expands our worldview, brings us together with other cultures, and is valuable in our formation as individuals and in our professional lives. Parents, like schools, play an important role in this process. A newborn baby's soul is like "pure cotton". In his opinion, what to write in the soul of a child in the style of "top-pure cotton" at the disposal of absolutely great people So what kind of person is the child? That is, the child's personal qualities to the experience of life, the process of communication with others depends on the concepts and ideas of life, "said Angolan scientist John Locke's opinion is of the above phrases." A stimulating, fun environment and teaching children new words gives lessons in cognitive development in the early stages of learning, which helps achieve results. home for children under 8 years old. In the context of a few easy ways to develop a second language (foreign language) proficiency, 63% of other languages are successful from the earliest age of the child, causing assimilation. Methods and techniques that can be used on children under 8 years of age: Play is a universal language for children and is great for learning new words and phrases. It also plays an important role. Children spontaneously explore the world around them at a young age – every day they learn through activity. However, learning is the best and most effective form of it. One of the forms is their hobby-the game. Play listening in children's skills, ability to follow instructions, vocabulary, and social development helps develop skills. New for children under the age of four: daily lessons for parents in teaching words, dressing children while learning new words, cooking, or washing the baby. It is recommended to memorize small stories. This is the main focus of the child at this time because it's inaction games, not learning something. A kid in the short term, the ability to memorize new words through imagination has been tested by scientists in the 'K Okila' experiment. The child is under 4 years old, with a great interest in learning their language and a foreign language as a second language. teaching parents and professionals to learn; art notebooks for drawing art; vibo, lego, and 3D use of toys; up to 40 minutes of information without the child getting bored, which causes him to listen carefully. Children's eyes often droop at places, especially refrigerators, televisions, bathrooms, room doors, tables, and chairs, and they often repeat together by placing the words described in the second language to help the child increase the number of active words he uses in his vocabulary. Worksheets for parents to color, draw, and search for words for their children to constantly prepare, update daily, and read together with new models of fairytale heroes or cartoon heroes Drawing and naming a new model is simple, and in English, composing short stories expands a child's worldview.

Children's eyes often droop at places, especially refrigerators, televisions, bathrooms, room doors, tables, and chairs, and they often repeat together by placing the words described in the second language to help the child increase the number of active words he uses in his vocabulary. Worksheets for parents to color, draw, and search for words for their children are constantly prepared, updated daily, and read together with new models of fairytale heroes or cartoon heroes. Drawing and naming a new model is simple, and in English, composing short stories expands a child's worldview. Little ones develop fine motor skills through coloring, which helps when it comes time to learn to write. Additionally, learning the names of things you see regularly in a foreign language and putting labels on them to help them memorize new words in the target language is a great way. Learn new dictionaries using 3D cards. Of course, repetition plays an important role in learning new words and phrases, but the problem with retraining activities is that children can get bored of them quickly. Twice a day, guys, during breakfast and for 10 minutes after dinner. new ones throughout the day using picture flash and 3D cards. It is advisable to create small melodies using words. Also, going abroad with the kids (speaking the language you are teaching) to the country is the most effective way to learn a language. However, if you don't have enough money for trips like this, a traditional food provider, dining in a restaurant, or showcasing cultures from all over the world and reviewing museum exhibits, is a new masterpiece for children and creates a language environment. Today we have several techniques for learning foreign languages and different ways of teaching a foreign language, although they all have one thing in common. If they face obstacles when they come, it is important to support them and overcome them together. If you feel tired, give the child rest and other exercises, allowing them to enjoy themselves. Learning a foreign language outside the classroom is formal and should be in the format of more action games than education.

Studies show that learning a foreign language at an early age gives the best results. In 1986, British scientists proved it firmly. Young children use language acquisition strategies innately and instinctively, so they learn their language without any grammar from a young age, learning through the words they hear and get. The younger the children, the more likely they are to learn foreign languages through native strategies early on. On the contrary, it is effective as children grow older because innate strategies have given way to other forms of learning foreign languages in a similar way to other school science teaching methods, that is, learning languages by memorizing words and grammatical rules, and as a result, the language in question is now a child's natural learning phase. When the child begins to learn is one of the best indicators. Foreign language Children who start learning later often do not know the rules of grammar at all, no matter how hard they try, but they always learn it at an early age and differ from the beginning children in one respect, i.e., in its pronunciation. At an early age, he naturally mastered a second language. Children are more likely than their peers to begin learning the same language, have good pronunciation and a sense of language, and language is simply natural to them and becomes part of their environment, allowing them to learn other languages easily and quickly later in life. The United States In the experiences of the States, Japan, and Singapore, children's language is simple at a very early age, mastered by watching cartoons. Later, this language masters the rules of grammar when they have a developed sense of self. Singing in a foreign language: kids love songs and the tone helps them memorize a few words, so songs are a technique of memorization and learning. Singing in their language is a great and effective way to help children learn a foreign language. As an example, there are kids on YouTube who might like it when you find songs and sing them together, helping to pronounce them correctly. Adding a foreign language to your daily activities is a sponge for children in early childhood and assimilates everything like that, so it's right and reliable for them that knowledge should be shared. In addition to the child's foreign language, the child also learns the native language

through play, unconsciously strengthening. In addition to the child's foreign language, the child also learns the native language through play, unconsciously strengthening it.

Learning a foreign language online is just fun and, in most cases, free. It is also the best way to further improve language skills. The benefit of learning a foreign language online is that it is for children fully compatible with their lifestyle: lessons are short and include tests, and kids can take these tests anywhere on their phones, among other activities that can also be done. Online educational sites and applications for children are full of fun and creative activities that hold traditional children's attention much better than lessons.

REFERENCES

- [1] Easy Ways to Teach Your Child a Foreign Language From 0-8 Years
<https://www.theculturedkid.com/blog/nurture-language-development>
- [2] Foreign language teaching methods to help children speak fluently | Allison Academy
<https://www.allisonacademy.com/parents/parenting/foreign-language-teaching-methods/>
- [3] Modern methods of teaching foreign languages in preschool education
<https://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/maktabgacha-talim-jarayonida-xorijiy-tillarni-o-qitishning-zamonaviy-metodikalari>
- [4] Bilingual Babes: Teach Your Child A Second Language
<https://www.parents.com/toddlerspreschoolers/development/language/bilingual-babes-teach-your-child-a-second-language/>
- [5] How to Teach Your Children a Second Language <https://www.wikihow.com/Teach-Your-Children-a-Second-Language?amp=1>
- [6] What's the best way to teach children a second language? New research produces surprising results
<https://theconversation.com/amp/whats-the-best-way-to-teach-children-a-second-language-new-research-produces-surprising-results-122059>
- [7] PQ-5117 of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated May 19, 2021 "On measures to bring the Republic of Uzbekistan's activities of foreign language popularization to a qualitatively new level" [312-coh
19.05.2021. Xorijiy tillarni o'rganishni ommalashtirishni samarali tashkil etish chora-tadbirlari to'g'risida \(lex.uz\)](https://lex.uz/19.05.2021.Xorijiy-tillarni-o-rganishni-ommalashtirishni-samarali-tashkil-etish-chora-tadbirlari-to-g-risida)
- [8] YUSUPOV, O. (2022). FUNCTIONS OF THE ACTOR IN THE PERFORMANCE ART. *International Journal of Intellectual Cultural Heritage*, 2(2), 43-46.
- [9] Yusupov, O. Y. (2021). The russification legacy of historical monuments of Uzbekistan. *Linguistics and Culture Review*, 5(S1), 1535-1539.
- [10] Yusupov, O. (2020). Lexical doublets in English and Uzbek linguistics. *Journal of Critical Reviews*, 7(5), 466-468.