

ASSESSMENT OF COMBINING ABILITY FOR DIVERSE TRAITS OF ECONOMIC  
SIGNIFICANCE USING LINE  $\times$  TESTER DESIGN IN OPIUM  
POPPY (*PAPAVERSOMNIFERUM* L.)

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**ABSTRACT**

60 hybrids were developed by using line  $\times$  tester mating design from 12 female (lines) and 5 male (tester) diverse parents of *Papaversomniferum* L. collected from different places of India and foreign country were assessed for fourteen economical traits. The GCA and SCA effects were significant for all the traits except no. of leaves/plant for SCA variance, indicated the importance of additive as well as non-additive genetic components playing a significant role in controlling the expression of all the characters. The ratio GCA/SCA was less than unity for all the attributes indicated predominance of non-additive gene action in the inheritance of the traits and also suggested worthy potential of the exploitation of variation for yield and yield attributes useful for genetic improvement of studied characters. Yet, dominant genes were more important than the additive genes because variance due to SCA was high than GCA. Amongst all parents i.e. in line and tester for improving economically significant yield contributing traits the maternal line L<sub>4</sub> and L<sub>12</sub> was good combiner for no. of capsule/plant. Whereas, maternal line L<sub>10</sub>, L<sub>12</sub> and paternal tester T<sub>1</sub> was good combiners for traits seed yield/plant and dry husk yield/plant. In alkaloids the maternal line L<sub>12</sub> are better combiner for morphine, thebaine, papervine and noscapine except codeine while L<sub>10</sub> is best for morphine, thebaine and papervine; L<sub>6</sub> for thebaine and papervine; L<sub>8</sub> for morphine and noscapine. However, in terms of paternal testers T<sub>2</sub> for codeine, T<sub>3</sub> for thebaine, papervine and T<sub>5</sub> for noscapine were found to be good general combiners which can be taken up to generate desirable segregates for further selection. In this study, none of the crosses showed significant SCA effects for all the characters. On the basis of per se performance and high SCA effects the crosses L<sub>10</sub> $\times$ T<sub>2</sub> and L<sub>12</sub> $\times$ T<sub>3</sub> was excellent specific combiner for no. of capsule/plant, seed yield g/plant and dry husk yield g/plant and for alkaloids the crosses L<sub>12</sub> $\times$ T<sub>3</sub> and L<sub>12</sub> $\times$ T<sub>4</sub> was best specific combiner for all studied alkaloids i.e. Morphine, codeine, thebaine, papervine and noscapine content. These best parents and cross combinations could be effectively utilized for the improvement of yields component in *Papaversomniferum* L.

**Keywords:** Genetic components, GCA, Line  $\times$  tester design, Opium poppy and SCA.